IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims to read as indicated herein.

1. (currently amended) A method for correcting a measured signal transmitted through a system, the said method comprising:

sampling the said measured signal to yield a sampled signal sequence; providing a signal series as a plurality of the sampled signal sequences put together successively, reproducing said sampled signal sequence to yield a plurality of copies of said sampled signal sequence;

appending said plurality of copies to one another to yield a signal series; windowing-the said signal series with a window function, to yield a windowed signal series; and recalculating a corrected measured signal from the said windowed signal series using information about-the a frequency-dependency of the said system.

2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein <u>said</u> recalculating a corrected measured signal from-the <u>said</u> windowed signal further comprises:

transforming-the said windowed signal series from a time domain into a frequency domain, to yield a transformed signal series;

modifying the <u>said</u> transformed signal series with a transfer function as a function of frequency of the <u>said</u> system, preferably by multiplying the transformed signal series with the inverse transfer function of the system, to yield a modified transformed signal series;

re-transforming the said modified transformed signal series back from the said frequency domain into the said time domain, to yield a re-transformed signal series; and receiving the said corrected measured signal from the said re-transformed signal series.

- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein <u>said</u> recalculating a corrected measured signal from the <u>said</u> windowed signal further comprises modifying the <u>said</u> corrected measured signal with a function inverse to the <u>said</u> window function.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein <u>said</u> receiving the <u>said</u> corrected measured signal from the <u>said</u> re-transformed signal series further comprises selecting a corrected

signal sequence <u>from said re-transformed signal series</u> substantially corresponding to <u>the said</u> sampled signal sequence.

- 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 4, wherein-the said selected corrected signal sequence is selected substantially from a middle range of the said re-transformed signal series.
- 6. (currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein <u>said</u> sampling the <u>said</u> measured signal is executed by a measuring device at the <u>a</u> highest accuracy provided by said measuring device.
- 7. (currently amended) A method for correcting a measured signal transmitted through a system having a transfer function as a function of frequency, the said method comprising:

sampling the <u>said</u> measured signal to <u>yield</u> a sampled signal sequence, sequence; providing a signal series as a plurality of the sampled signal sequences put together successively,

reproducing said sampled signal sequence to yield a plurality of copies of said sampled signal sequence;

appending said plurality of copies to one another to yield a signal series;

- windowing-the said signal series with a window-function, function to yield a windowed signal series;
- transforming-the said windowed signal series from a time domain into a frequency domain, to yield a transformed signal series;
- modifying the said transformed signal series with the said transfer function of the said system, preferably by multiplying the transformed signal series with the inverse transfer function of the system, to yield a modified transformed signal series;
- re-transforming-the said modified transformed signal series back from the said frequency domain into-the said time domain, to yield a re-transformed signal series; and receiving a corrected measured signal from the said re-transformed signal series.
- 8. (currently amended) A method for providing a measured signal for further processing, the said method comprising:

sampling the <u>said</u> measured signal to <u>yield</u> a sampled signal sequence, and; providing a signal series as a plurality of the sampled signal sequences put together successively

reproducing said sampled signal sequence to yield a plurality of copies of said sampled signal sequence;

appending said plurality of copies to one another to yield a signal series; and processing said signal series to determine a characteristic of said measured signal.

9. (currently amended) A software program storable on a data carrier, for executing a method when operated in a computer system, said method comprising:

sampling-the said measured signal to <u>yield</u> a sampled signal-sequence; sequence; providing a signal series as a plurality of the sampled signal sequences put together successively, reproducing said sampled signal sequence to yield a plurality of copies of said sampled signal sequence;

appending said plurality of copies to one another to yield a signal series;

windowing-the said signal series with a window function, to yield a windowed signal series; and recalculating a corrected measured signal from the said windowed signal series using information about-the a frequency-dependency of the said system.

- 10. (currently amended) An apparatus for executing a method for correcting a measured signal, said apparatus comprising:
 - a measuring sampling device for sampling the said measured signal to yield a sampled signal sequence; sequence;
 - a signal multiplication unit for providing a signal series as a plurality of the sampled signal sequences put together successively, reproducing said sampled signal sequence to yield a plurality of copies of said sampled signal sequence, and appending said plurality of copies to one another to yield a signal series;
 - a device for performing windowing functions for windowing the signal series with a window function, to yield a windowed signal series; and
 - a recalculation unit for recalculating a corrected measured signal from the said windowed signal series using information about the a frequency-dependency of the said system.
- 11. (currently amended) An apparatus for correcting a measured signal transmitted through a system comprising:

means for sampling the said measured signal to yield a sampled signal sequence; sequence;

means for providing a signal series as a plurality of the sampled signal sequences put together successively,

- means for reproducing said sampled signal sequence to yield a plurality of copies of said sampled signal sequence;
- means for appending said plurality of copies to one another to yield a signal series;
- means for windowing-the said signal series with a window function, to yield a windowed signal series; and
- means for recalculating a corrected measured signal from the said windowed signal series using information about the a frequency-dependency of the said system.
- 12. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said measured signal is a high speed digital pulse.
- 13. (previously presented) The method of claim 7, wherein said measured signal is a high speed digital pulse.
- 14. (previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein said measured signal is a high speed digital pulse.
- 15. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein said measured signal is a high speed digital pulse.